

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022





SOUTHWEST TRANSIT Eden Prairie, Minnesota

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

Mission Statement

SouthWest Transit is committed to providing a quality riding experience that fulfills the needs and exceeds the expectations of our customers.

Prepared by:

Department of Finance and Administration



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May 3, 2023 Honorable Chair and Members of the Commission SouthWest Transit

We are pleased to respectfully submit the SouthWest Transit (SWT) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022, to the SouthWest Transit Commission, the citizens of this area and all interested in its financial condition. SWT is a public agency created by a joint powers agreement between the Cities of Eden Prairie, Chanhassen, and Chaska for the purposes of providing transit services to the respective Cities and contracting to provide transit and planning services, as approved by the Commission, pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes* 473.384 and/or *Minnesota Statutes* 473.388 and 471.59. This report is published to fulfill the requirements of Minnesota state law that all general purpose local governments publish annually a complete set of financial statements in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), audited in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report was prepared by the SWT Finance Department and responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, supporting schedules and statistical tables rests with SWT. Management believes the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of SWT as measured by the financial activity of its various funds and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of SWT's financial position have been included. Management of SWT has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the agency's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of SWT's financial statements in conformance with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefit, SWT's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

SWT's financial statements were audited by BerganKDV, Ltd., a firm of licensed and certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of SWT for the year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and any significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that SWT's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, are presented in conformity with GAAP. The Independent Auditor's Report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. SWT's MD&A can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The SouthWest Transit Commission was formed in July of 1986 by a joint powers agreement between the Cities of Eden Prairie, Chanhassen, and Chaska to provide public transit services. The Commission consists of seven members. Each of the three Cities appoints two Commissioners; one must be a City Council member or the current Mayor of the respective Cities. The seventh member must reside or maintain a business in one of the three Cities and is appointed by the six Commissioners. This Commissioner is the rider representative. The Treasurer is a member of the Commission and is elected by the Commission.

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is appointed by the Commission to administer the day to day activities of SWT, including administration of the transit system, contracts for transportation services, marketing and promotion of such services, administration of personnel matters including hiring and termination of employees.

SWT is committed to providing exceptional services that not only meets but exceeds all expectations of those we serve.

SWT provides fixed route transit services within the three communities and connects the communities to other metropolitan destinations, including downtown Minneapolis, the University of Minnesota, the Southdale area, as well as providing reverse commute services to businesses within the three communities. SWT services are provided by a fleet of ninety-six (96) active vehicles (63 motor coaches, 4 low floors, and 29 small vehicles less than 30 feet). Driver services are provided by a private contractor. SWT provides an on-demand curb to curb shared ride service named SW Prime. This allows riders to be picked up and dropped off anywhere in SWT's service area. The ridership demand for the SW Prime service continues to grow. SWT expects the demand for both fixed and micro-transit routes to return to pre pandemic levels.

The annual operating budget serves as the basis for SWT's financial planning and control. In 2022, the SWT Commission adopted annual budgets for General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, EPG Roof Replacement, and SWS Development Capital Projects Fund. Departments submit their line item detailed budget requests to the Finance Department in August and the Chief Executive Officer presents the proposed budget to the Commission in October. The final budget is adopted before the next year begins, often in December of each year. Actual amounts exceeding the budgeted line items are allowed if there is corresponding revenue increase or if the total expenses for the department are within the department budgeted amount. However, the level at which management cannot overspend the budget without approval of the governing body is the fund level for all budgets. If significant changes occur after the budget is adopted, budget adjustments are proposed by SWT management and adopted by the Commission.

SWT does not have any component units to report in the 2022 financial statements.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Operating Funds

The General Fund accounts for all the operating activities of SWT. SWT's primary funding source is the Motor Vehicle Sales Tax (MVST). In 2006, a constitutional amendment was passed by the state legislature dedicating one hundred percent of all state motor vehicle sales tax revenue to state-wide transportation improvement with forty percent dedicated to public transportation. In 2022, SWT received \$9,182,458 from MVST in accordance with the statutory formula in *Minnesota Statutes*, Section 473.388.

The Metropolitan Council (MC) has also provided Suburban Transit Providers such as SWT with additional MVST revenues above the amount required under *Minnesota Statutes*, Section 473.388. The MVST is distributed in accordance with the Metropolitan Council's transit revenue allocation model which is intended to preserve existing operations levels at SWT and to maintain an existing reserve in SWT's General Fund. SWT received \$1,683,348 under this formula in 2022. The portion of the monies collected through MVST was allocated under a new formula beginning in 2018. The additional MVST allocation is subject to review by the Metropolitan Council whereas the statutory MVST allocation is governed by state statutes.

In March 2020, a national emergency was declared in response to the Coronavirus outbreak (COVID 19) in the United States. Requiring limited capacity on buses, and implementing increased cleaning and sanitizing protocol, the pandemic had a tremendous effect on the ridership of SWT. Fixed route ridership declined by over 90% and demand response ridership declined over 50%. SWT's ridership for both fixed route and demand response are slowly returning to pre pandemic levels.

The federal government provided \$3,482,211 in federal funding through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP) section 5307 Operating Assistance funding. The federal funding has been used by SWT to maintain essential public transportation services during the pandemic and to begin restoring service levels that had been provided prior to the pandemic.

Several major maintenance projects were completed in 2022 and are reported in General Fund expenditures. The maintenance projects totaled \$5,431,869 and included items such as:

- IT improvements for operations, vehicle maintenance and overall technology.
- Parking ramp preventative maintenance projects.
- Scheduled maintenance of vehicle operation and maintenance facilities.
- Replacement of Prime service vehicles held beyond their useful lives.
- Eden Prairie Bus Garage Roof replacement project.

As SWT moves forward into 2023 and beyond, commitment to quality, safety, customer service and to the development of our employees continues to be the primary focus.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Capital Funds

Historically, capital expenditures for facilities such as park and ride lots, stations, and bus garage facilities as well as bus purchases have been funded by state, local and federal grants, or SWT reserve funds. Capital funds are awarded on the basis of competitive proposals submitted by regional providers. SWT has developed and maintains a long-range Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) to plan for future needs and services and to support application for the capital funds.

- SWT is pursuing the development option for the one-acre parcel known as Lot 2 Block 1 at SouthWest site in Chanhassen. This project is being funded using SWS Development Capital Fund reserves in the amount of \$6 million.
- SWT entered the agreement with McKinstry Essention, LLC for the purpose of installing energy conservation measures, including solar photovoltaic systems and electric vehicles charging stations, and making additional energy efficient improvements. The total cost for the project is \$3.9 million. This project is being funded using Capital Improvement Reserves in the amount of \$2.1 million and \$1.8 million will be funded by awarded Congressionally Directed Spending grant through the United States Department of Energy (DOE).

Long Term Financial Planning

SWT has implemented various financial/budget policies to guide the Commission and staff when making financial decisions and to ensure the long-term stability of SWT finances and operations. These policies include the following:

• The SWT Commission shall set the General Fund balance to represent 25-35% of the current year operating budget. The fund balance exceeds this policy, but it is expected the additional fund balance will be used to restore pre-pandemic service levels in the next two years.

SWT has also adopted the following Capital and Debt Policies:

- SWT will first seek state and federal capital funding to the extent it is available. State and federal sources include the Metropolitan Council (MC), Regional Solicitation grants and/or other sources as they become available.
- SWT will look towards its Capital Improvement Fund to fund one-time capital expenditures.
- Should SWT need to issue debt, it shall confine long-term borrowing to capital improvements or assets for which there is no limited or delayed capital funding from the Metropolitan Council or other grant sources and that cannot be funded from current revenues. When debt is issued, it will pay back the debt within a period not more than the useful life of the improvement or asset.
- A minimum reserve in the amount of one year debt retirement will be dedicated to the debt retirement at the time the debt is issued, or an amount recommended by the SWT financial advisor.
- Total annual debt retirement payments funded by current revenue will not exceed 10% of the general fund budget. Debt retirement for issues with a dedicated reserve will not be included in the 10% maximum.
- SWT will maintain and update its five-year Capital Improvement Plan for all projects over \$50,000.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

Major 2022 Initiatives

Major initiatives for SWT operations included:

- Continuing to grow services back with an emphasis on growing the SW Prime Micro transit service.
- To better meet the changing trip patterns, SWT continued to grow SW Prime through:
 - Expansion of services into Shakopee.
 - Adding services along the I-494 corridor including service to the Mall of America and MSP Airport.
 - Expanding service to more medical clinics and facilities as part of SW Prime's nonemergency medical transportation service, SW Prime MD.
- Continuing special event services including service to the MN State Fair, Twins, Vikings, Gopher Football, and select major concerts.
- Added 3 new electric vehicles to the fleet. This is in line with SWT's continued transition to become fully electric with its vehicles by 2050, SWT is also developing a plan for adding EV charging infrastructure for passenger vehicles at facilities.
- Investing in technology such as vulnerable road user avoidance system and cameras to minimize blind spot areas and alert drivers of the presence of a vulnerable road user before a potential collision.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to SWT for its annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2021. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

We would like to express our appreciation to the Commission for their continued support in planning and conducting the financial operations of SWT in a responsible and progressive manner. We also want to thank the Finance Department staff for their contribution in the preparation of this report. The Finance Department staff is responsible for the operational oversight of the financial system, closing adjustments, coordination of the annual audit, and compilation of the statistical information and preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Respectfully submitted,

M. Mamallefior

Maria Mancilla-Diaz Interim Chief Executive Officer





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

SouthWest Transit Minnesota

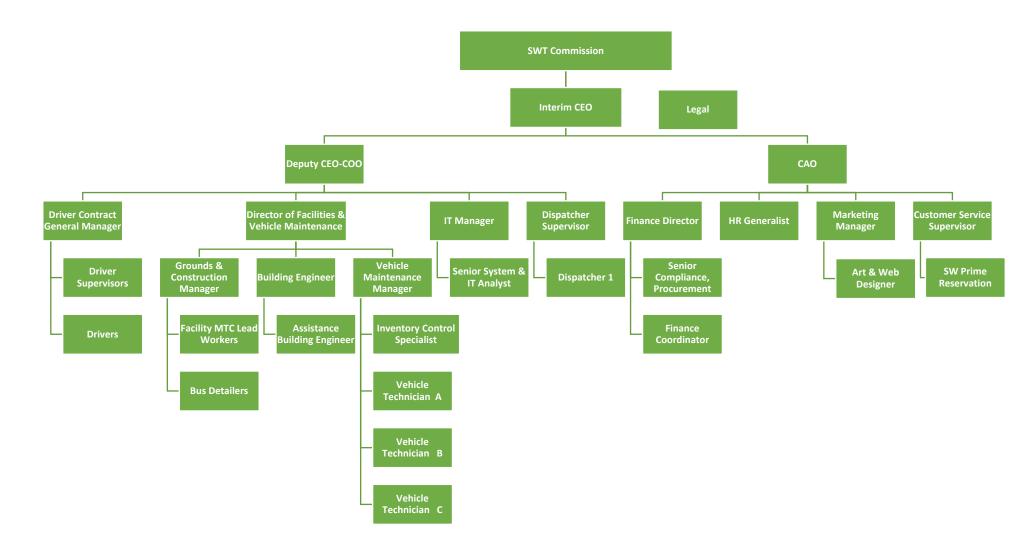
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

SouthWest Transit Organization Chart



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Board of Commissioners and Key Personnel December 31, 2022

Board Member	Position on Board	Community Represented	Term Expires
Mike Huang	Chairperson	Chaska	December 31, 2022
PG Narayanan	Vice Chairperson	Eden Prairie	December 31, 2024
Jerry McDonald	Secretary/Treasurer	Chanhassen	December 31, 2022
Elise Ryan	Board Member	Chanhassen	December 31, 2023
Mark Freiberg	Board Member	Eden Prairie	December 31, 2023
McKayla Hatfield	Board Member	Chaska	December 31, 2022
Bob Roepke	Rider Representative	Chaska	December 31, 2024

Key Personnel

Maria Mancilla-Diaz Chief Administrative Officer



FINANCIAL SECTION



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Commissioners SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthWest Transit, Eden Prairie, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise SouthWest Transit's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of SouthWest Transit, Eden Prairie, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of SouthWest Transit and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Implementation of GASB 87

The Transit has adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The SouthWest Transit's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SouthWest Transit's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SouthWest Transit's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about SouthWest Transit's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which follows this report letter, and Required Supplementary information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the SouthWest Transit's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information identified in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Transit's 2021 financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, and we expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements in our report dated April 14, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2023, on our consideration of the SouthWest Transit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the SouthWest Transit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bergan KOV, Ltd.

Minneapolis, Minnesota May 3, 2023



As management of SouthWest Transit (SWT), we offer readers of SWT's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of SWT for the year ended December 31, 2022. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of SWT exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2022 by \$61,158,827 (net position). Of this amount, \$18,665,636 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet SWT's ongoing obligations to customers and creditors.
- SWT's total net position increased by \$1,935,401, or 3.3%, based on 2022 activity.
- As of the close of the current year, SWT's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,839,568, an increase of \$1,211,223 in comparison with the prior year. \$11,552,557 of the General Fund is unassigned and available for spending at SWT's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$11,945,854. Of that amount, \$393,297 was in nonspendable form and the remaining \$11,552,557 was unassigned.
- In 2015, SWT started providing service to the City of Carver under a contract financed by a CMAQ grant. The service agreement will continue through December 31, 2022.
- SW Prime service is a local microtransit service which operates totally on-demand, providing door to door connection throughout the SWT's service area. SWT launched SW Prime MD as a non-emergency medical transportation service that allows for scheduled rides in and around the SWT's service area. SWT expanded the SW Prime to Shakopee, Mall of America, and Minneapolis airport.
- SWT received \$3.4 million in federal funds through the American Rescue Act of 2021 (ARP) Section 5307 funding to help offset fares revenue losses due to the COVID 19 pandemic.

Overview of the Financial Statements – This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to SWT's basic financial statements. SWT's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of SWT's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of SWT's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of SWT is improving or deteriorating.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how SWT's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this Statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected motor vehicle excise taxes and earned but unused personal leave).

The government-wide financial statements include only SWT itself. SWT has no component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 29-31 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. SWT, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of SWT are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, Governmental Fund Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating SWT's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of Governmental Funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for Governmental Funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of SWT's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and governmental activities.

SWT maintained the following individual governmental funds during 2022: The General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, EPG Roof Replacement Capital Projects Fund and SWS Development Capital Projects Fund.

SWT adopts annual budgets for its General Fund, Capital Project Funds, and Debt Service Funds. However, capital projects that are totally grant funded are typically controlled through the grant provisions. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic Governmental Fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-40 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

Notes to Financial Statements – The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 41-64 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an organization's financial position. In the case of SWT, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, by \$61,158,827 at the close of 2022.

30.52%, or \$18,665,636, of SWT's net position is unrestricted. This is the amount available to meet SWT's ongoing obligations to its riders and creditors.

The remaining 69.48% reflects SWT's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment) less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. SWT uses these capital assets to provide transit services to the citizens within our service area. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although SWT's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that any resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended December 31, 2015. GASB Statement No. 68 is related to the accounting treatment of defined benefit pension plans, specifically the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). While the accounting standard changed, SWT will continue to fund the pension plan based on required contribution rates as set by *Minnesota Statute*. See Note 7 of the notes to financial statements for additional information.

GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the year ended December 31, 2018. GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The statement is explained in Note 8.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 21,693,529	\$ 20,293,239	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	42,493,191	41,622,253	
Total assets	64,186,720	61,915,492	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB	1,058,436	882,978	
-			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 65,245,156	\$ 62,798,470	
Current liabilities	\$ 1,031,006	\$ 876,904	
Long-term liabilities	2,856,335	1,371,220	
Total liabilities	3,887,341	2,248,124	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB	198,988	1,326,920	
1			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	\$ 4,086,329	\$ 3,575,044	
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 42,493,191	\$ 41,622,253	
Unrestricted	18,665,636	17,601,173	
	-)) - • •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Total net position	\$ 61,158,827	\$ 59,223,426	
r	+	+	

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased SWT's net position by \$1,935,401. The components of net position increased or decreased as follows:

- Net position invested in capital assets increased by \$870,938 during the year. Depreciation expense in 2022 totaled \$2,276,964. Capital asset additions included equipment, software, small prime vehicles, and major facility improvements.
- Unrestricted net position increased by \$1,064,463 primarily due to the federal fund through the American Rescue Act of 2021 (ARP) Section 5307 funding.

Please see pages 29-31 for further detailed information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

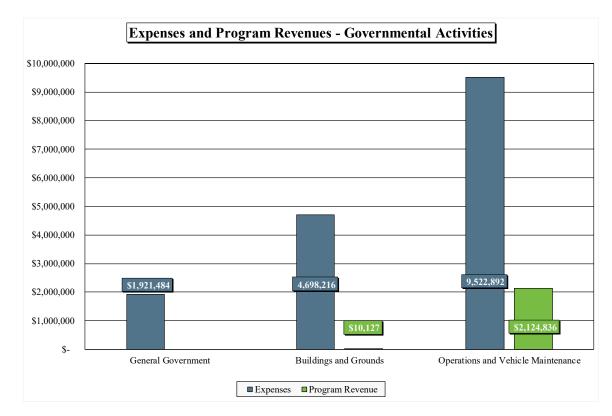
Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2022	2021	
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,096,550	\$ 525,838	
Operating grants and contributions	1,038,413	405,110	
Capital grants and contributions	-	55,507	
Total program revenues	2,134,963	986,455	
General revenues			
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	14,520,788	12,809,469	
Other local revenue	1,282,908	457,873	
Unrestricted investment earnings	139,334	69,342	
Total revenues	18,077,993	14,323,139	
Expenses			
General government	\$ 1,921,484	\$ 1,448,347	
Building and grounds	4,698,216	4,011,617	
Operations and vehicle maintenance	9,522,892	6,610,863	
Total expenses	16,142,592	12,070,827	
Change in net position	1,935,401	2,252,312	
Net Position			
Beginning	59,223,426	56,971,114	
Ending	\$ 61,158,827	\$ 59,223,426	

Governmental activity changes in net position – highlights of the change in net position are as follows:

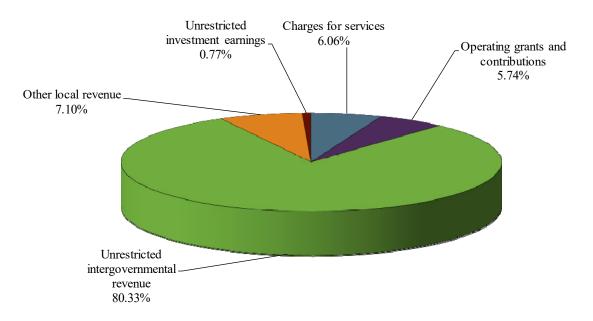
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue includes both MVST, RAMVST, and the federal ARP Act funding. The federal fund through the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP) section 5307 funding totaling \$3,482,211 was provided to provide relief from the national pandemic and is not an ongoing funding source for future SWT operations. The level of future state funding is dependent upon the current State Legislative session.
- In 2022, SWT Completed the Eden Prairie Bus Garage Roof Replacement project totaling \$2,000,000.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)



Governmental Activities (Continued)





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF SWT FUNDS

As noted earlier, SWT uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of SWT's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing SWT's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned, and assigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the end of the current year, SWT's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$20,839,568, an increase of \$1,211,223 in comparison with the prior year. Fund balances are classified to reflect the limitations and restriction of the respective funds. Additional information on fund balance classifications is in Note 4 on pages 52-53 of this report.

The increase in SWT's fund balance of \$1,211,223 during the current year is comprised of the following key factors:

- The General Fund revenues and net other financing uses exceeded expenditures by \$3,051,780, as the actual intergovernmental revenues included federal ARP Act funding of \$3,482,211 provided to assist SWT in continuing to provide essential public transportation services.
- In 2021, the transfer of \$2,000,000 from the General Fund to the EPG Roof Replacement Capital Projects Fund for the Eden Prairie Bus Garage Facility's roof replacement and the project completed in 2022.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The amended General Fund budget estimated that the revenues would exceed the expenditures and transfers out by \$365,655. The amended revenue budget included the federal ARP Act funding totaling \$3,482,211.

The SWT Commission approved an amended expenditure budget in 2022 that totaled \$16,468,100 increased by \$3,184,790 from the original budget. The original expenditure budget was prepared at a time when the effects of the COVID 19 pandemic were still in effect.

The intergovernmental state amended revenue budget (MVST and RAMVST) was increased from \$9,722,300 to \$11,652,388 in the amended revenue budget. However, the actual 2022 intergovernmental state revenue was \$11,990,974 slightly increased of the amended revenue budget estimate. The following summarizes the actual 2022 results:

- 2022 actual revenue exceeds the amended budget \$932,083.
- The actual expenditures totaled \$14,904,408 which was \$1,563,692 less than the amended budget.
- The actual capital outlay expenditure was \$744,987 less than the amended budget.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

- The expenditures for administration, buildings, grounds, operations, and maintenance accounted for the balance of the favorable expenditure variances.
- The General Fund balance increased by \$3,051,780 during 2022.
- The increase in fund balance will be used to build back the service to pre-COVID levels in the future years.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – SWT's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, totaled \$42,493,191 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, land improvements including parking decks, equipment, and intangible assets. See the table below for more detail.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	 2022	 2021
Buildings and facilities	\$ 14,702,222	\$ 12,558,098
Bus equipment	145,399	183,528
Equipment and software	913,426	1,016,603
Furniture	35,628	45,637
Land	2,454,654	2,454,654
Land improvements	413,679	495,593
Park and ride facilities	23,192,818	24,278,683
Transit hub facilities	-	2,890
Vehicles	635,365	483,263
Construction in progress	 -	 103,304
Total	\$ 42,493,191	\$ 41,622,253

SWT operates 96 buses owned by the Metropolitan Council and 15 owned by SWT. In addition, SWT has 11 retired MC buses being held for contingency or sale.

Additional information on SWT's capital assets can be found in Note 1.D.5 on pages 44-45 of this report and Note 3 on pages 51-52 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

SWT has approved the General Fund operating budget for 2023 in December 2022. The 2023 budget represents a slow return to pre-pandemic service levels. It is currently anticipated that the most significant ridership increases will occur after Labor Day in September 2023 as the schools, universities and businesses begin to operate at pre-pandemic levels.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

Ridership increases are expected with the continued growth of SW Prime, our on-demand ride sharing service. Express ridership is expected to increase at a slower pace. The 2023 budget includes a new prime service segment to provide service area residents with service in the 494 corridor and to the Minneapolis-St. Paul airport.

SWT General Fund balance policy states the SWT Commission shall set the General Fund balance to represent 25%-35% of the current year operating budget. With the assistance of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act of 2020, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act of 2021 and the American Rescue (ARP) Act of 2021, the General Fund balance exceeds the stated policy. Expenditures will continue to grow as a result of added service, inflation, increases in product and energy prices, and supply chain bottlenecks.

As always, future funding through the Motor Vehicle Sales Tax will have a significant impact on SWT's ability to maintain its fund balance.

SWT will utilize the following strategies to balance the 2023 budget:

- Implementing additional operating efficiencies
- Restarting productive fixed-route services once workers shift from remote to in-person.
- Adding new productive services such as expanding the SW Prime system to suburban locations along the I-494 and US-169 corridors.
- Introducing electric vehicles into the SW Prime fleet when feasible.
- Forging new partnerships.
- Actively pursuing an equitable share of state and federal funding for transit operation.
- Use of reserves, as necessary.

SWT's goal is to balance the budget by minimizing as much as possible any negative impacts to both our riding customers and staff. Many lessons have been learned on the road to recovery. Through resiliency and adapting to the next normal, SWT is committed to providing a quality riding experience that fulfills the needs and exceeds the expectations of our customers.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SWT's finances for all those with an interest in SWT's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Finance, 14405 West 62nd Street, Eden Prairie, Minnesota 55346.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021)

Assets	2022	2021
Current assets		
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 17,116,959	\$ 18,517,470 232,981
Accounts receivable	3,267,958	330,152
Interest receivable	55,610	8,545
Intergovernmental receivable	859,705	821,366
Inventory - vehicle parts	251,429	232,927
Prepaid items	141,868	149,798
Total current assets	21,693,529	20,293,239
Non-comment eccente		
Noncurrent assets Capital assets		
Land	2,454,654	2,454,654
Land improvements	1,458,029	1,686,174
Buildings and facilities	20,419,214	17,688,288
Transit hub facilities	94,177	94,177
Bus equipment	517,968	527,163
Park and ride facilities	37,599,559	37,663,811
Equipment and software	2,848,250	2,826,632
Vehicles	1,443,705	1,092,164
Furniture	87,974	87,974
Construction in progress		103,304
Total cost	66,923,530	64,224,341
Less accumulated depreciation	(24,430,339)	(22,602,088)
Total capital assets	42,493,191	41,622,253
Total noncurrent assets	42,493,191	41,622,253
Total assets	64,186,720	61,915,492
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,047,641	871,746
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	10,795	11,232
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,058,436	882,978
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 65,245,156	\$ 62,798,470
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 725,991	\$ 572,703
Salaries and benefits payable	116,014	92,191
Unearned revenue	11,956	-
Compensated absences payable	177,045	212,010
Total current liabilities	1,031,006	876,904
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences payable	31,243	37,414
Net pension liability	2,669,051	1,195,725
Total OPEB liability	156,041	138,081
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,856,335	1,371,220
Total liabilities	3,887,341	2,248,124
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	193,697	1,322,507
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	5,291	4,413
Total deferred inflows of resources	198,988	1,326,920
Net Position	10 100 101	41 (00 050
Net investment in capital assets	42,493,191	41,622,253
Unrestricted	18,665,636	17,601,173
Total net position	61,158,827	59,223,426
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 65,245,156	\$ 62,798,470



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

						Revenues and Net Position
			Program Revenues		2022	2021
<u>Functions/Programs</u> Governmental activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
General government	\$ 1,921,484	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,921,484)	\$ (1,448,347)
Buildings and grounds	4,698,216	10,127	φ	Ψ -	(4,688,089)	(4,007,599)
Operations and vehicle maintenance	9,522,892	1,086,423	1,038,413		(7,398,056)	(5,628,426)
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,142,592	\$ 1,096,550	\$ 1,038,413	\$ -	(14,007,629)	(11,084,372)
	General revenues					
	Unrestricted int	ergovernmental rev	enue		14,520,788	12,809,469
	Other local reve	enue			1,282,908	457,873
	Unrestricted inv	vestment earnings			139,334	69,342
	Total genera				15,943,030	13,336,684
	Change in net posit	ion			1,935,401	2,252,312
	Net position - begin	nning			59,223,426	56,971,114
	Net position - endir	ıg			\$ 61,158,827	\$ 59,223,426

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021)

		Capital	Projects
	General Fund	Capital Improvement	SWS Development Capital
Assets	() () () ()	A A (A) A (A)	¢ (152.222
Cash and investments	\$ 8,270,718	\$ 2,692,919	\$ 6,153,322
Cash with fiscal agent	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	3,267,958	-	-
Interest receivable	8,137	-	47,473
Intergovernmental receivable	859,705	-	-
Inventory	251,429	-	-
Prepaid items	141,868		
Total assets	\$ 12,799,815	\$ 2,692,919	\$ 6,200,795
Liabilities			
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 725,991	\$ -	\$ -
Salaries and benefits payable	116,014	-	-
Unearned revenue	11,956	-	-
Total liabilities	853,961		
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	393,297	-	-
Assigned	-	2,692,919	6,200,795
Unassigned	11,552,557	-	-
Total fund balances	11,945,854	2,692,919	6,200,795
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 12,799,815	\$ 2,692,919	\$ 6,200,795

Capital Projects				
Eden Prairie Roo	of			
Replacement	_	Total Govern	ment	
Capital		2022		2021
\$	-	\$ 17,116,959	\$	18,517,470
	-	-		232,981
	-	3,267,958		330,152
	-	55,610		8,545
	-	859,705		821,366
	-	251,429		232,927
	-	141,868		149,798
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
\$	-	\$ 21,693,529	\$	20,293,239
\$	-	\$ 725,991	\$	572,703
	-	116,014		92,191
	-	11,956		-
-		853,961		664,894
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<i>,</i>
	-	393,297		382,725
	-	8,893,714		10,734,271
	-	11,552,557		8,511,349
		20,839,568		19,628,345
		.,,		.,
\$		\$ 21,693,529	\$	20,293,239



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021)

	 2022	 2021
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 20,839,568	\$ 19,628,345
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	66,923,530 (24,430,339)	64,224,341 (22,602,088)
Long-term liabilities, including leases payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(208,288)	(249,424)
Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	(2,669,051) (156,041)	(1,195,725) (138,081)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are created as a result of various differences related to pensions and OPEB that are not recognized in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(193,697)	(1,322,507)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,047,641	871,746
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(5,291)	(4,413)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	 10,795	 11,232
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 61,158,827	\$ 59,223,426

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

			Capital Projects	
	General Fund	Capital Improvement	SWS Development Capital	Eden Prairie Roof Replacement Capital
Revenues				
Intergovernmental - federal	\$ 3,482,211	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental - state	11,990,974	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - other	74,320	-	-	-
Passenger fares	1,086,423	-	-	-
Charges for services	158,318	-	-	-
Investment income	29,225	-	110,109	-
Other local revenue	564,367	-	-	-
Total revenues	17,385,838		110,109	
Expenditures				
Current	1.065.400			
General government	1,865,408	-	-	-
Buildings and grounds	1,586,234	-	-	-
Operations and vehicle maintenance	7,971,563	-	-	-
Capital outlay	27.500			
General government	37,500	-	-	-
Buildings and grounds	1,974,314	-	-	1,950,666
Operations and vehicle maintenance Total expenditures	<u>1,469,389</u> 14,904,408			1,950,666
			·	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	2,481,430	-	110,109	(1,950,666)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance recoveries	570,350	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out			-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	570,350			
Net change in fund balances	3,051,780	-	110,109	(1,950,666)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	8,894,074	2,692,919	6,090,686	1,950,666
End of year	\$ 11,945,854	\$ 2,692,919	\$ 6,200,795	\$ -

 Total Governmental Funds				
2022	2021			
\$ 3,482,211	\$ 2,092,974			
11,990,974	11,117,667			
74,320	56,504			
1,086,423	521,820			
158,318	216,340			
139,334	69,342			
 564,367	71,227			
17,495,947	14,145,874			
1,865,408	1,481,578			
1,586,234	1,286,428			
7,971,563	6,371,728			
37,500	-			
3,924,980	1,617,128			
 1,469,389	389,778			
 16,855,074	11,146,640			
640,873	2,999,234			
570,350	174,324			
-	4,897,009			
 -	(4,897,009)			
 570,350	174,324			
1,211,223	3,173,558			
 19,628,345	16,454,787			
\$ 20,839,568	\$ 19,628,345			



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

	2022		 2021	
Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	1,211,223	\$ 3,173,558	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Book value of disposed assets		3,159,222 (2,276,964) (11,320)	1,152,084 (2,279,720)	
Compensated absences are recognized as paid in the governmental funds but recognized as the expense is incurred in the Statement of Activities.		41,136	(15,010)	
Governmental funds recognize pension contributions as expenditures at the time of payment whereas the Statement of Activities factors in items related to pensions on a full accrual perspective. Pension expense		(168,621)	235,588	
Governmental funds recognize OPEB contributions as expenditures at the time of payment whereas the Statement of Activities factors in items related to OPEB on a full accrual perspective. OPEB expense		(19,275)	(14,188)	
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$	1,935,401	\$ 2,252,312	

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	C)		Time 1		Actual		al Budget -
Devenues		Driginal		Final		Amounts	0	ver (Under)
Revenues Intergovernmental - federal	\$	30,000	\$	3,494,167	\$	3,482,211	\$	(11,956)
Intergovernmental - redetal	φ	9,722,300	Φ	11,652,388	Φ	3,482,211 11,990,974	Ф	338,586
Intergovernmental - other		72,000		60,000		74,320		14,320
Passenger fares		548,800		1,076,700		1,086,423		9,723
Charges for services		150,000		99,500		1,080,423		58,818
Investment income		10,000		10,000		29,225		19,225
Other local revenue		65,000		61,000		564,367		503,367
Total revenues	1	10,598,100		16,453,755		17,385,838		932,083
Total levelides		10,570,100		10,435,755		17,505,050		,005
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		1,751,400		1,984,200		1,865,408		(118,792)
Buildings and grounds		1,446,210		1,733,610		1,586,234		(147,376)
Operations and vehicle maintenance		7,928,200		8,524,100		7,971,563		(552,537)
Capital outlay								
General government		150,000		50,000		37,500		(12,500)
Buildings and grounds		1,337,500		2,657,800		1,974,314		(683,486)
Operations and vehicle maintenance		670,000		1,518,390		1,469,389		(49,001)
Total expenditures	1	13,283,310		16,468,100		14,904,408		(1,563,692)
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(2,685,210)		(14,345)		2,481,430		2,495,775
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Insurance recoveries		-		380,000		570,350		190,350
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		380,000		570,350		190,350
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,685,210)	\$	365,655		3,051,780	\$	2,686,125
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year						8,894,074		
End of year					\$	11,945,854		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

SouthWest Transit (SWT) is a replacement transit agency, operated under a joint powers agreement by and for the Cities of Chanhassen, Chaska, and Eden Prairie, Minnesota. These Cities are located in the SouthWestern Twin Cities metropolitan area. SWT was organized in July 1986, for the purpose of providing public transit services to the participating Cities, which cover 81 square miles and are located in Carver and Hennepin Counties. SWT provides fixed route express, reverse commute, local fixed route, and local on-demand services.

For financial reporting purposes, SWT's financial statements include all funds over which SWT exercises financial accountability. SWT does not have any component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all activities of SWT. SWT has only governmental activities, which normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Motor Vehicle Sales Tax (MVST) funds are the major source of revenue and are recognized in the year the taxes are collected by the State of Minnesota. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, SWT considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued) MVST, farebox revenue, interest, and grant funding associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by SWT.

Description of Funds:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund – This fund is the general operating fund of SWT. It is used to account for all financial resources and transit operations except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for future capital improvements.

SWS Development Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for capital construction and maintenance on SWT's property, or future development activities.

Eden Prairie Roof Replacement Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for capital construction on the Eden Prairie Roof Replacement Project.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between SWT's various functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

SWT receives a significant percentage of its revenue from MVST, which includes both the statutory and discretionary amounts.

In 2001, the Minnesota Legislature amended the statutes providing for transit funding by eliminating property tax as the source of funding for transit systems operations and by dedicating a portion of the MVST to transit funding. These statutes dedicated 20.5% of the MVST to transit operations in the Twin Cities area effective July 1, 2002. Effective July 1, 2003, this increased to 21.5%. These funds are appropriated to the Metropolitan Council (MC). The formula for distributing the funds to each transit system is contained in the state statutes.

In 2006, the Minnesota voters passed a constitutional amendment that changed the Constitution so that 100% of the sales tax revenues on motor vehicles are dedicated to state-wide transportation improvement. The amendment called for a phased-in transfer of the revenues over five years, with up to 60% of the dedicated funds going to state highways and local roads and at least 40% to public transit.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Metropolitan Council (MC) has also provided Suburban Transit Providers such as SWT with additional MVST revenues above the amount required under Minnesota Statues, Section 473.388. The MVST is distributed in accordance with the Metropolitan Council's transit revenue allocation model which is intended to preserve existing operations levels at SWT and to maintain an existing reserve in SWT's General Fund. The additional MVST allocation is subject to review with the Metropolitan Council whereas the statutory MVST allocation is governed by state statutes.

Capital funding contracts between the federal government, Mn/DOT, the MC, and SWT are designated for specific capital projects. These monies are available until the projects for which the funds were allocated are completed, or until the end of the grant term, whichever occurs first.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is SWT's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available for use, it is SWT's policy to use fund balances in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the individual funds based on the average of month-end cash and investment balances.

SWT's cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are stated at fair value.

Minnesota Statutes requires that all deposits be protected by federal depository insurance, corporate surety bonds, or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes SWT to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days, and in the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool.

2. Receivables/Payables

Receivables include amounts due from the State of Minnesota through the MC for MVST collected but not received, the MC for farebox revenues, and various capital grants and other local receivables. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been deemed necessary.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

2. Receivables/Payables (Continued)

Amounts included in accounts payable include expenses incurred in 2022 but not paid until 2023 for subcontracted transit services and other operating expenses.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The treatment accorded prepaid expenditures in the governmental funds is the consumption method.

4. Inventory

Vehicle parts inventory totaled \$251,429 at December 31, 2022, and is valued at cost using the first in, first out (FIFO) method, and is accounted for using the consumption method.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, facilities, equipment, and intangible assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by SWT as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The capitalization threshold established for assets by category are as listed in the table below.

Asset Category	Threshold			
Land/land improvements	\$	10,000		
Other improvements		25,000		
Buildings and building improvements		25,000		
Machinery and equipment		5,000		
Vehicles		5,000		
Infrastructure		100,000		
Construction in progress (when completed)		100,000		
Intangible assets		5,000		
Other assets		5,000		

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized when they are placed in service.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of SWT are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and building improvements	7-40
Infrastructure	15-40
Other improvements	10-20
Equipment, machinery and vehicles	3-15

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. SWT has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. SWT presents deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. SWT has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. SWT presents deferred inflows of resources on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet as unavailable revenue. SWT presents deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position for deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

7. Compensated Absences

SWT compensates its employees for unused personal leave benefits in the event of separation. Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds only when obligations are expected to be liquidated with available expendable financial resources, reflected as a liability in governmental funds for employees that have retired but have yet to receive their entire compensated absence balances. Compensated absences are recorded as expenses in governmental activities when earned.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize debt issuance costs in the year the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which SWT is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

- Nonspendable Fund Balances Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. Examples include prepaid items, inventory, land held for resale, and long-term receivables that are not otherwise restricted, committed, assigned, or offset by unearned revenue.
- Restricted Fund Balances Amounts are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. Examples include fund balance related to unspent bond proceeds and debt service fund balances if the fund balance is the result of revenue received from a third party that restricted the use to debt service payments. SWT has no amounts reported as restricted fund balance at December 31.
- Committed Fund Balances Amounts that are constrained by SWT Commission resolution for a specific purpose. Fund balance commitment resolutions must be completed before December 31, to be effective for that year and remain in effect until the commitment is changed or eliminated by Commission resolution.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned Fund Balances Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the government body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. The SWT Commission has approved a fund balance policy that designates SWT's CEO or his/her designee as the official that has authority to assign fund balance.
- Unassigned Fund Balances Residual amounts that are available for any purpose in the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance will occur only in the General Fund or in other funds when there is a negative fund balance that can't be eliminated by reducing restricted, committed or assigned fund balances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is SWT's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is SWT's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) Committed, 2) Assigned, and 3) Unassigned.

SWT has adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund and is summarized as follows:

- SWT will maintain an unassigned General Fund balance between 25-35% of budgeted operating expenditures; however, this need could fluctuate with each year's budget objectives. (For purposes of fund balance, the Metropolitan Council's regional operating reserves policy does not distinguish between the various components of fund balance).
- Annual proposed budgets shall include this benchmark policy. The Commission shall review the amounts in fund balance in conjunction with the annual budget approval and make adjustments as necessary to meet expected cash-flow needs.
- In the event the unassigned General Fund balance will be calculated to be less than the minimum requirement at the completion of any fiscal year, SWT shall plan to adjust budget resources in the subsequent fiscal years to bring the fund balance into compliance with this policy and define the conditions that required a lower fund balance in their Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The unassigned General Fund balance at December 31, 2022, is approximately 70% of the 2022 budgeted operating expenditures. (For purposes of this computation of the General Fund balance, operating expenditures do not include the capital costs). The additional fund balance will be used to restore service levels for the next two years.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance (Continued)

10. Fund Balance (Continued)

SWT's target General Fund balance is a minimum of 25% to 35% of the annual operating budget.

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statements when there are limitations on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

12. Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented by fund types and in total in the fund financial statements and in the government-wide financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with this year's presentation.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Budgetary Information

SWT annually prepares, and the SWT Commission adopts, an operating budget for the funds listed below. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. *Minnesota Statutes* defines the source, method, and allocation of a major portion of its funding. The level at which management cannot overspend the budget without the approval of the SWT Commission is at the fund level for all funds. All budget amendments are reviewed and approved by the SWT Commission. Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as amended.

Capital projects budgets are prepared for existing and potential capital assets for a five year period through the Capital Improvement Program (CIP). Funding sources along with the timing of funding agreements (appropriations), revenue recognition and project expenditures are budgeted for each project.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Budgetary Information (Continued)

In 2022, the SWT Commission adopted annual budgets for the following funds:

- General Fund
- SWS Development Capital Projects Fund
- Eden Prairie Roof Replacement Capital Projects Fund

The original 2022 budget was adopted by the SWT Commission on December 9, 2021. The Commission receives monthly financial statements throughout the year for their review and approval. Formal budget amendments are presented and approved by the Commission throughout the year as needed.

The net increase to the General Fund balance in 2022 was \$2,493,386, before insurance recoveries.

Appropriation control is managed for all SWT annual adopted budgets.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash balances of SWT's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by *Minnesota Statutes*. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed in the financial statements as cash and investments. For purposes of identifying risk of investing public funds, the balances and related restrictions are summarized as follows.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, SWT's deposits may not be returned to them. SWT retains federal securities as collateral for all bank deposits. As of December 31, 2022, SWT's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and fully collateralized with pledged federal securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent and in SWT's name.

Checking	\$ 649,016
Savings	7,057,235
Certificates of deposit	 5,410,108
Total deposits	\$ 13,116,359

SWT has an investment policy in place that addresses interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk as follows:

Interest Rate Risk: Managing exposure to fair value arising from changes in interest rates. SWT's investment policy does include specific limits on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value arising from changes in interest rates. Investments will primarily be in shorter-term investments. The investment policy also states the portfolio must be structured so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. SWT's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities and using prequalifying brokers/financial institutions. SWT's investment policy refers to *Minnesota Statutes* 118A. State statutes limit investments that are in the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Limits the amount SWT may invest in any one issuer. SWT's investment policy does place a limit on the amount SWT may invest in any one issuer. With the exception of U.S. Treasury Securities and authorized pools, no more than 20% of SWT's total investment portfolio will be invested with a single financial institution unless SWT deposits in that institution are backed by U.S. guaranteed investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, SWT will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2022, the Transit had investments in U.S. Treasury notes with a fair value of \$4,000,000 with maturities of less than one year and interest rates ranging from 2.3% to 4.1%. U.S. Treasury notes are valued using level 1 inputs of quoted prices for identical assets in an active market.

The following is a summary of total deposits and investments:

Deposits Investments Petty cash	\$ 13,116,359 4,000,000 600
Total deposits and investments	\$ 17,116,959

Deposits and investments are presented in the December 31, 2022, basic financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position Cash and investments

\$ 17,116,959

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,454,654	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,454,654
Construction in progress	103,304	2,178,773	(2,282,077)	
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	2,557,958	2,178,773	(2,282,077)	2,454,654
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	1,686,174	-	(228,145)	1,458,029
Buildings and facilities	17,688,288	2,745,545	(14,619)	20,419,214
Transit hub facilities	94,177	-	-	94,177
Bus equipment	527,163	-	(9,195)	517,968
Park and ride facilities	37,663,811	-	(64,252)	37,599,559
Equipment and software	2,826,632	165,440	(143,822)	2,848,250
Vehicles	1,092,164	351,541	-	1,443,705
Furniture	87,974			87,974
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	61,666,383	3,262,526	(460,033)	64,468,876
Total capital assets, cost	64,224,341	5,441,299	(2,742,110)	66,923,530
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	1,190,581	81,914	(228,145)	1,044,350
Buildings and facilities	5,130,190	601,421	(14,619)	5,716,992
Transit hub facilities	91,287	2,890	-	94,177
Bus equipment	343,635	38,129	(9,195)	372,569
Park and ride facilities	13,385,128	1,074,545	(52,932)	14,406,741
Equipment and software	1,810,029	268,617	(143,822)	1,934,824
Vehicles	608,901	199,439	-	808,340
Furniture	42,337	10,009		52,346
Total accumulated depreciation	22,602,088	2,276,964	(448,713)	24,430,339
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	39,064,295	985,562	(11,320)	40,038,537
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 41,622,253	\$ 3,164,335	\$ (2,293,397)	\$ 42,493,191

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of SWT as follows:

Governmental activities	
Buildings and grounds	\$ 1,760,771
Operations and vehicle maintenance	506,184
General government	10,009
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 2,276,964

Capital asset activity by program/function for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, cost				
Buildings and grounds	\$ 60,348,156	\$ 4,924,318	\$ (2,589,093)	\$ 62,683,381
Operations and vehicle maintenance	3,661,022	516,981	(153,017)	4,024,986
General government	215,163	-	-	215,163
Total capital assets, cost	64,224,341	5,441,299	(2,742,110)	66,923,530
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and grounds	20,366,030	1,760,771	(295,696)	21,831,105
Operations and vehicle maintenance	2,090,216	506,184	(153,017)	2,443,383
General government	145,842	10,009	-	155,851
Total accumulated depreciation	22,602,088	2,276,964	(448,713)	24,430,339
Governmental activities,				
capital assets, net	\$ 41,622,253	\$ 3,164,335	\$ (2,293,397)	\$ 42,493,191

SWT's 81 transit service buses and 11 retired buses being held for contingency are owned by the MC and thus are not reflected in SWT's assets.

NOTE 4 – FUND BALANCE

Certain portions of fund balance may be restricted based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties.

NOTE 4 – FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Fund equity balances are classified as follows to reflect the limitations and restrictions of the respective funds.

					SWS			
	General		Capital	D	evelopment	Noni	najor	
	 Fund	Im	provement		Capital	Fu	nds	 Total
Nonspendable				-				
Inventory	\$ 251,429	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 251,429
Prepaid items	 141,868		-		-		-	 141,868
Total nonspendable	 393,297		-		-		-	 393,297
Assigned to								
Future SWT site	-		-		6,200,795		-	6,200,795
Capital improvements	 -		2,692,919		-		-	 2,692,919
Total assigned	 -		2,692,919		6,200,795		-	 8,893,714
Unassigned	 11,552,557				-			 11,552,557
Total fund balance	\$ 11,945,854	\$	2,692,919	\$	6,200,795	\$		\$ 20,839,568

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities					
Compensated absences	\$ 249,424	\$ 247,151	\$ 288,287	\$ 208,288	\$ 177,045

The General Fund typically liquidates the liability related to compensated absences.

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

SWT is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. In order to protect against these risks of loss, SWT purchases commercial insurance coverage through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. SWT pays an annual premium to the LMCIT for its insurance coverage. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through commercial companies for excess claims. SWT is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported, however, retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies. The amounts of these deductibles are considered immaterial to the financial statements.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three years.

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

SWT's workers' compensation insurance policy is retrospectively rated. With this type of policy, final premiums are determined after loss experience, workers' compensation rates, and salaries for the year are known. The final premium adjustment is in the year the adjustment is made.

At December 31, 2022, there were no other claims liabilities reported in the fund based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS

Public Employees' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

SWT participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of SWT are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Benefits Provided

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 5 successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Benefits Provided (Continued)

General Employees Plan Benefits (Continued)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Beginning in 2019, the postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a fell year as of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

D. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2022 and SWT was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members. SWT's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2022, were \$201,971. SWT's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

E. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2022, SWT reported a liability of \$2,669,051 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. SWT's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with SWT totaled \$78,276. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. SWT's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on SWT's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. SWT's proportionate share was 0.0337% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0280% for the beginning of the period.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)	
SWT's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,669,051
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with SWT	78,276
Total	\$ 2,747,327

For the year ended December 31, 2022, SWT recognized pension expense of \$382,288 for its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. Included in the amount, SWT recognized \$11,696 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

The General Fund typically liquidates the liability related to pensions.

At December 31, 2022, SWT reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred putflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred aflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	22,295	\$	24,090
Changes in actuarial assumptions		504,973		10,727
Net collective difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings		217,474		-
Changes in proportion		201,913		158,880
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent				
to the measurement date		100,986		
Total	\$	1,047,641	\$	193,697

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$100,986 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from SWT contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ 243,617
2024	234,669
2025	33,296
2026	241,376
Total	\$ 752,958

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Demostie emite	22.5.0/	5 10 0/
Domestic equity	33.5 %	5.10 %
International equity	16.5	5.30
Fixed income	25.0	0.75
Private markets	25.0	5.90
Total	100.0 %	

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees. Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 29 years of service and 6.0% per year thereafter.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2020 and was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2022:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2020 to scale MP-2021. Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the previous valuation.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate for the General Employees Plan used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members and employers will be made at rates set in *Minnesota Statutes*. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents SWT's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what SWT's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate		
	(5.5%)	(6.5%)	(7.5%)		
SWT's proportionate share of					
the General Employees Fund					
net pension liability	\$ 4,215,906	\$ 2,669,051	\$ 1,400,391		

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 8 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

A. Plan Description

SWT's defined benefit OPEB plan provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees. The plan offers medical coverage. Medical coverage is administered by Health Partners. It is SWT's policy to periodically review its medical coverage and to obtain requests for proposals in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for SWT employees and retirees. No assets are accumulated in a trust. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

SWT makes available basic health insurance coverage to regular full-time employees, regular part-time employees working 32 or more hours per week, and their dependents. SWT will contribute toward the cost of the basic health insurance premiums for both employee and dependent coverage, though the contribution level may vary. Additional costs for coverage must be paid by the employee through a payroll deduction.

C. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established by SWT, based on the contract terms with Health Partners. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For 2022, SWT contributed \$1,167 to the plan.

NOTE 8 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Members

As of January 1, 2022, the following were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	31
Total	31

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total OPEB Liability

	1
Discount rate	2.00%
Salary increases	Service graded 3.00-10.25%
Inflation	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend increases	6.50% as of January 1, 2022, grading to 5.00% over 6 years and then to 4.00% over the next 48 years
Mortality assumption	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount- Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, valuation was based on the results of the fouryear experience study for the PERA of MN General Employees Plan completed in 2019.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.00% based on 20-year municipal bond rates.

F. Total OPEB Liability

SWT's total OPEB liability of \$156,041 was measured as of January 1, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

NOTE 8 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

F. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balances at January 1, 2021	\$ 138,081		
Changes for the year			
Service cost	15,467		
Interest	4,377		
Assumption changes	5,096		
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,698)		
Benefit payments	 (5,282)		
Net changes	 17,960		
Balances at January 1, 2022	\$ 156,041		

G. Total OPEB Liability

The General Fund typically liquidates the liability related to OPEB.

H. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents SWT's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.00% as well as the liability measured using 1% lower and 1% higher than the current discount rate.

Total OPEB Liability								
1% decrease in Discount Rate (1.00%)		Dis	Current count Rate (2.00%)	1% increase in Discount Rate (3.00%)				
\$	173,651	\$	156,041	\$	139,633			

NOTE 8 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

H. OPEB Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of SWT, as well as what SWT's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Total OPEB Liability								
1% decrease (5.5% decreasing to 4.0% then 3.0%)		dee	crent (6.5% creasing to then 4.0%)	1% increase (7.5% decreasing to 6.0% then 5.0%)				
\$	128,791	\$	156,041	\$	191,034			

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, SWT recognized OPEB expense of \$20,442. At December 31, 2022, SWT reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date	\$	5,099 4,529 1,167	\$	1,509 3,782	
Total	\$	10,795	\$	5,291	

NOTE 8 – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

G. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The \$1,167 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from SWT contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	OPEB Expense Amount
2023	\$ 598
2024	598
2025	598
2026	598
2027	598
2028	595
Thereafter	752
Total	\$ 4,337

NOTE 9 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

SWT participates in the Replacement Service Program and Capital Funding Agreement administered by the MC. To the extent that program expenditures may be disallowed as a result of a program compliance audit, a liability to the MC would result.

SWT entered into a transit service contract with a service provider for purposes of delivering bus services in connection with its express and local route service. Payments to the transit provider are contingent upon the actual level of services rendered, using rates established in the contract's agreement. The current contract is with First Transit, Inc. and will expire December 31, 2023. The average annual cost of the contract is \$4,500,000.

NOTE 10 – NEW STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* establishes that a Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) results in a right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding liability. Under this statement, a governmental entity generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability. This statement will be effective for the year ending December 31, 2023.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	De	ecember 31, 2022	De	cember 31, 2021	De	ecember 31, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	15,467	\$	15,325	\$	14,879	\$	9,949	\$	9,659
Interest		4,377		3,925		3,851		3,311		2,903
Changes of assumptions		5,096		-		(5,675)		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,698)		-		7,652		-		-
Benefit payments		(5,282)		(2,359)		(2,664)		(984)		-
Net change in total OPEB liability		17,960		16,891		18,043		12,276		12,562
Beginning of year		138,081		121,190		103,147		90,871		78,309
End of year	\$	156,041	\$	138,081	\$	121,190	\$	103,147	\$	90,871
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,270,108	\$	2,334,020	\$	2,266,039	\$	1,790,511	\$	1,738,360
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.9%		5.9%		5.3%		5.8%		5.2%

Note 1: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available. Note 2: There are no assets related to the total OPEB liability accumulated in a trust.

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Schedule of SWT's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

						SWT's			
					Pr	oportionate			
					S	hare of the			
					Ν	let Pension		SWT's	
	SWT's	SWT's			Li	iability and		Proportionate	
	Proportionate	Proportionate	5	State's	t	the State's		Share of the	
	Share	Share	Prop	ortionate	P	roportinate		Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	(Percentage) of	(Amount) of		Share	S	hare of the		Liability	Net Position as
	the Net	the Net	(An	nount) of	Ν	let Pension		(Asset) as a	a Percentage of
Fiscal Fiscal	Pension	Pension	t	he Net		Liability	SWT's	Percentage of	the Total
Year End	Liability	Liability	Р	ension	P	Associated	Covered	its Covered	Pension
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	L	iability	v	with SWT	 Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2022	0.0337%	\$ 2,669,051	\$	78,276	\$	2,747,327	\$ 2,524,960	105.71%	76.67%
2021	0.0280%	1,195,725		36,445		1,232,170	2,014,867	59.35%	87.00%
2020	0.0333%	1,996,487		61,516		2,058,003	2,375,080	84.06%	79.06%
2019	0.0319%	1,763,680		54,831		1,818,511	2,257,987	78.11%	80.23%
2018	0.0314%	1,741,943		57,086		1,799,029	2,111,773	82.49%	79.53%
2017	0.0325%	2,074,779		26,121		2,100,900	2,096,293	98.97%	75.90%
2016	0.0273%	2,216,625		28,995		2,245,620	1,695,107	130.77%	68.91%
2015	0.0240%	1,243,805		-		1,243,805	1,384,373	89.85%	78.19%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of SWT Contributions -General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years*

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	i Year Statutorily t ng Required		in I the F	Contributions in Relation to he Statutorily Contribution Required Deficiency Contributions (Excess)		 SWT's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2022	\$	201,971	\$	201,971	\$	-	\$ 2,692,947	7.50%
2021		175,310		175,310		-	2,337,467	7.50%
2020		162,841		162,841		-	2,171,213	7.50%
2019		175,295		175,295		-	2,337,267	7.50%
2018		160,675		160,675		-	2,142,333	7.50%
2017		150,987		150,987		-	2,013,160	7.50%
2016		143,756		143,756		-	1,916,747	7.50%
2015		114,573		114,573		-	1,527,640	7.50%

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

General Employees Fund

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2020 to scale MP-2021. Changes in Plan Provisions
 - There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2019 to scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.5% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.0%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retires electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2020 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and 0.0% thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The CSA loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15% for vested deferred member liability and 3% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2017 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The State's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, the inflation was decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

Post Employment Health Care Plan

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The retirement and withdrawal rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%
- The discount rate was changed from 2.90% to 2.00%

2021 Changes

None

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans General Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.30% to 2.90%.
- Changes in Plan Provisions
 - None



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2021)

	Capital Tc	Projects tal		lonmajor ental Funds
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 1,950,666	\$ -	\$ 1,950,666
Fund Balances Assigned		1,950,666		1,950,666
Total fund balances	\$ -	\$ 1,950,666	<u> </u>	\$ 1,950,666

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

		Debt Service			
		Tot			
	202	22		2021	
Revenues					
Intergovernmental - state	\$		\$		
Expenditures					
Capital outlay					
Buildings and grounds		-		-	
Operations and vehicle					
maintenance		-		-	
Total expenditures		-		-	
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		-		-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		-		-	
Transfers out		-		(15,308)	
Total other financing sources		-		(15,308)	
C C				<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances		-		(15,308)	
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		-		15,308	
				<u> </u>	
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	
			<u> </u>		

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2021)

	Capital Projects Total				C	or unds		
	202			2021	202	22		2021
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - state	\$	-	\$	55,507	\$	-	\$	55,507
Expenditures								
Capital outlay								
Buildings and grounds		-		49,334		-		49,334
Operations and vehicle		-						
maintenance		-		55,507		-		55,507
Total expenditures		-		104,841		-		104,841
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		(49,334)		-		(49,334)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		2,000,000		-		2,000,000
Transfers out		-		2,881,701)		-		(2,897,009)
Total other financing sources		-		(881,701)		-		(897,009)
Net change in fund balances		-		(931,035)		-		(946,343)
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year		-		2,881,701				2,897,009
End of year	\$	_	\$	1,950,666	\$		\$	1,950,666



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -SWS Development Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							iance with	
P	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		Final Budget - Over (Under)	
Revenues Investment income Total revenues	\$	(45,000) (45,000)	\$	(45,000) (45,000)	\$	110,109 110,109	\$	155,109 155,109	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(45,000)	\$	(45,000)		110,109	\$	155,109	
Fund Balances Beginning of year						6,090,686			

\$ 6,200,795

End of year

79

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Eden Prairie Roof Replacement Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget - Over (Under)	
Expenditures				`,	
Current:					
Capital outlay					
Buildings and grounds	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,950,666	\$ 1,950,666	\$ -	
Total expenditures	2,000,000	1,950,666	1,950,666		
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$ (2,000,000)	\$ (1,950,666)	(1,950,666)	\$ -	
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year			1,950,666		
End of year			<u>\$</u>		

STATISTICAL SECTION



SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Statistical Section December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

This part of SWT's Annual Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about SWT's overall financial health. The following are the categories of the various schedules that are included in this section.

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how SWT's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

- Net Position by Component
- Changes in Net Position
- Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess SWT's most significant local revenue source Motor Vehicle Sales Tax (MVST) and passenger fares. In 2002, the main source of revenue shifted from property tax to MVST. The agency does not control the amount of MVST it receives. The allocation is both controlled through state statute and a portion is controlled through the Metropolitan Council. SWT no longer receives any property tax. Passenger fares are controlled through a regional fare policy.

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of SWT's current level of outstanding debt and SWT's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

• Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which SWT's financial activities take place.

- Demographic and Economic Statistics
- Principal Employers

Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in SWT's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

- Full-Time Equivalent SWT Employees by Function
- Operating Statistics
- Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program
- Farebox Recovery Percentage and Fare Structure

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Report for the relevant year.

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Net Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016				
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$ 48,752,629 6,927,320	\$ 43,664,850 12,221,765	\$ 42,534,479 12,353,477	\$ 41,053,400 12,140,778				
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 55,679,949	\$ 55,886,615	\$ 54,887,956	\$ 53,194,178				

Source: SouthWest Transit financial records

Fiscal Year										
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022					
\$ 39,786,943 11,394,094	\$ 36,159,064 19,147,699	\$ 37,865,385 17,537,813	\$ 42,749,889 14,221,225	\$ 41,622,253 17,601,173	\$ 42,493,191 18,665,636					
\$ 51,181,037	\$ 55,306,763	\$ 55,403,198	\$ 56,971,114	\$ 59,223,426	\$ 61,158,827					

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Expenses							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 914,906	\$ 1,029,036 \$	1,142,604	\$ 1,389,838			
Buildings and grounds	3,030,101	3,357,869	3,820,148	3,384,282			
Operations and vehicle maintenance	6,448,144	7,809,487	8,684,285	8,814,286			
Interest on long-term debt	214,235	55,437	86,967	112,107			
	¢ 10 (07 29)	¢ 12.251.920 ¢	12 724 004	¢ 12 700 512			
Total governmental activities	\$ 10,607,386	\$ 12,251,829 \$	13,734,004	\$ 13,700,513			
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services							
Passenger fares	\$ 2,517,920	\$ 2,658,560 \$	2,773,727	\$ 2,925,131			
Other	923,434	186,279	191,288	206,281			
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	165,699	192,189			
Capital grants and contributions	6,482,340	323,279	1,075,156	363,910			
Total governmental activities							
program revenues	\$ 9,923,694	\$ 3,168,118 \$	4,205,870	\$ 3,687,511			
Net Expense							
Governmental activities	\$ (683,692)	\$ (9,083,711) \$	(9,528,134)	\$ (10,013,002)			
	\$ (000,002)	• (),000,111) •	(),020,101)	\$ (10,015,002)			
General Revenue and Other							
Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities							
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	\$ 5,979,464	\$ 8,917,732 \$	9,157,043	\$ 7,572,940			
Unrestricted investment earnings	31,680	37,439	52,429	67,929			
Other local revenue	288,300	335,206	412,002	549,450			
Gain on sale of assets	17,500	-	-	-			
Special item ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	128,905			
Total governmental activities	\$ 6,316,944	\$ 9,290,377 \$	9,621,474	\$ 8,319,224			
Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities	\$ 5,633,252	\$ 206,666 \$	93,340	\$ (1,693,778)			
	* -))==			. ()			

⁽¹⁾ The Professional Golf Association's (PGA) Ryder Cup tournament was held in Chaska, Minnesota, during September 2016. SWT's management and Commission opted to provide transportation services to attendees of the tournament. As a result, SWT had significant one-time revenue and expenditure activity. SWT received revenue totaling \$277,553 related to passenger fares, as well as charges for services from the PGA and the City of Chaska, while they incurred expenditures totaling \$148,648 to provide the service. As a result, SWT reported a net revenue related to providing this service of \$128,905 in the fund financial statements and governmental activities.

Source: Southwest Transit financial records

Fiscal Year											
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022						
\$ 1,367,574 3,324,420 8,886,714 102,025	\$ 1,388,065 2,788,130 9,117,140 89,909	\$ 1,502,977 3,085,454 9,148,674 90,677	\$ 1,264,361 3,509,492 6,705,248 398,046	\$ 1,448,347 4,011,617 6,610,863	\$ 1,921,484 4,698,216 9,522,892						
\$ 13,680,733	\$ 13,383,244	\$ 13,827,782	\$ 11,877,147	\$ 12,070,827	\$ 16,142,592						
\$ 2,882,098 198,029 200,232	\$ 3,076,921 172,791 61,467	\$ 2,988,229 457,028 64,077	\$ 673,042 165,286 229,706	\$ 521,820 4,018 405,110	\$ 1,086,423 10,127 1,038,413						
359,597	364,970	498,315	557,421	55,507							
\$ 3,639,956	\$ 3,676,149	\$ 4,007,649	\$ 1,625,455	\$ 986,455	\$ 2,134,963						
\$ (10,040,777)	\$ (9,707,095)	\$ (9,820,133)	\$ (10,251,692)	\$ (11,084,372)	\$ (14,007,629)						
\$ 7,176,758 79,229 271,649 500,000	\$ 9,440,234 103,002 275,171 4,092,723	\$ 9,206,794 344,415 365,359 -	\$ 11,468,101 234,567 116,940	\$ 12,809,469 69,342 457,873	\$ 14,520,788 139,334 1,282,908						
\$ 8,027,636	\$ 13,911,130	\$ 9,916,568	\$ 11,819,608	\$ 13,336,684	\$ 15,943,030						
\$ (2,013,141)	\$ 4,204,035	\$ 96,435	\$ 1,567,916	\$ 2,252,312	\$ 1,935,401						

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	2013 2014		2014	2015		2016		
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	522,960	\$	545,375	\$	558,332	\$	618,318
Unassigned		2,707,349		2,893,152		4,153,836		4,043,568
Total general fund	\$	3,230,309	\$	3,438,527	\$	4,712,168	\$	4,661,886
All Other Governmental								
Funds								
Restricted	\$	140,718	\$	21,000	\$	205,810	\$	-
Committed		2,687		59,814		207,137		310,313
Assigned		3,804,791		4,646,408		4,651,602		4,764,998
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	3,948,196	\$	4,727,222	\$	5,064,549	\$	5,075,311

Source: SouthWest Transit financial records

			Fiscal	l Year		
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$	659,265 2,923,805	\$ 463,172 3,827,438	\$ 463,189 3,914,830	\$ 362,166 7,160,492	\$ 382,725 8,511,349	\$ 393,297 11,552,557
\$	3,583,070	\$ 4,290,610	\$ 4,378,019	\$ 7,522,658	\$ 8,894,074	\$ 11,945,854
-	-))	*))	·)-···	*	+ -))	+))
\$	310,672 5,511,917	\$	\$	\$ - 15,308 8,916,821	\$ <u>-</u> 	\$ - - 8,893,714
\$	5,822,589	\$ 13,268,051	\$ 11,877,416	\$ 8,932,129	\$ 10,734,271	\$ 8,893,714

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenues								
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	4,742,482	\$	44,644	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental - State		7,719,320		9,196,367		10,232,199		7,945,496
Intergovernmental - Other		-		-		165,699		192,189
Passenger fares		2,517,920		2,658,560		2,653,727		2,745,131
Charges for services		-		219,420		297,047		421,812
Investment income		31,681		37,439		52,429		67,929
Special assessments		4,460		-		-		-
Other interest income		-		121,494		191,288		169,680
Loan repayment		-		65,782		136,208		142,643
Other local revenue		1,088,061		180,571		234,955		335,593
Total revenues		16,103,924		12,524,277		13,963,552		12,020,473
Expenditures								
General government		959,894		1,062,048		1,111,870		1,335,762
Buildings and grounds		1,143,735		1,611,040		1,185,920		1,448,470
Operations and vehicle maintenance		6,238,357		7,330,382		7,769,069		8,062,484
Capital outlay		8,007,632		1,812,267		4,369,745		896,449
Debt service		0,007,002		1,012,207		.,,		0,0,0,0
Principal		1,929,084		146,319		261,995		371,679
Interest and agency fees		229,065		49,977		73,386		114,047
Total expenditures		18,507,767		12,012,033		14,771,985		12,228,891
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(2,403,843)		512,244		(808,433)		(208,418)
		()		-)		()		() -)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		2,299,368		146,319		228,757		499,486
Transfers out		(2,299,368)		(146,319)		(228,757)		(499,486)
Sale of property		17,500		475,000		-		-
Insurance recoveries		172,507		-		-		39,993
Issuance of capital lease		1,000,000		-		2,419,401		-
Proceeds from certificate of participation		1,120,000		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,310,007		475,000		2,419,401		39,993
Special item - net revenue from special services		-				-		128,905
Net change in fund balances	\$	(93,836)	\$	987,244	\$	1,610,968	\$	(39,520)
Debt service as a percent of								
noncapital expenditures		19.5%		1.8%		2.8%		4.1%

Note 1 - Source: SouthWest Transit financial records

Note 2 - Debt service as a percent of noncapital expenditures increased significantly in 2020 due to early payoff of long-term debt.

Fiscal Year											
_	2017	2	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
¢	6 500	¢	40.650	¢	46.250	¢	2 526 996	¢	2 002 074	¢	2 402 211
\$	6,588	\$	49,650	\$	46,350	\$	2,526,886	\$	2,092,974	\$	3,482,211
	7,647,582	9	,742,243		9,654,653		9,681,615		11,117,667		11,990,974
	81,663	2	72,947		75,112		41,373		56,504		74,320
	2,882,098	3	,065,441		2,977,194		673,042		521,820		1,086,423
	218,322		224,337		267,587		114,525		216,340		158,318
	79,229		103,002		344,415		234,567		69,342		139,334
	- 178,639		- 171,583		- 164,190		- 165,286		-		-
	178,039		171,383		163,830		3,460,718		-		-
	72,717		52,042		390,610		2,415		71,227		-
	11,316,220	12	,637,683		14,083,941		16,900,427		14,145,874		564,367 17,495,947
	11,510,220	13	,037,085		14,065,941		10,900,427		14,143,674		17,493,947
	1,251,675	1	,392,045		1,436,835		1,259,156		1,481,578		1,865,408
	1,150,399	1	,234,257		1,239,241		1,264,831		1,286,428		1,586,234
	8,369,959	8	,922,870		8,824,760		6,179,344		6,371,728		7,971,563
	925,281	1	,090,553		2,247,926		6,358,923		2,006,906		5,431,869
	101 501		271.004		1 506 577		(020 (10				
	424,594		371,984		1,596,577		6,838,618		-		-
	104,209	10	92,243		102,421		406,666		-		-
	12,226,117	13	,103,952		15,447,760		22,307,538		11,146,640		16,855,074
	(909,897)		533,731		(1,363,819)		(5,407,111)		2,999,234		640,873
	324,570		422,330		4,189,489		6,196,817		4,897,009		_
	(324,570)		(422,330)		(4,189,489)		(6,196,817)		(4,897,009)		_
	500,000		(,500,000		-						-
	78,359	,	119,271		60,593		106,463		174,324		570,350
			-				5,500,000				570,550
	-		-		-				-		-
	578,359	7	,619,271		60,593		5,606,463		174,324		570,350
			-		-		-		-		
\$	(331,538)	\$8	,153,002	\$	(1,303,226)	\$	199,352	\$	3,173,558	\$	1,211,223
	A A07		2 00/		12 (0/		12 50/		0.00/		0.00/
	4.4%		3.9%		12.6%		43.5%		0.0%		0.0%

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Ratios of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities General Special Total Percentage Obligation of Personal Per Assessment Capital Primary Capita⁽¹⁾ Income⁽²⁾ Year Bonds Bonds Leases Government \$ \$ 2013 \$ \$ 2,092,365 \$ 2,092,365 * 19 2014 1,946,046 1.946.046 * 18 2015 4,103,452 4,103,452 * 37 _ 33 2016 3,731,773 3,731,773 _ 29 2017 3,307,179 3,307,179 _ 25 2018 2,935,195 2,935,195 _ 2019 1,338,618 1,338,618 11 2020 _

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* Data is not available

2021

2022

⁽¹⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics Population

⁽²⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics Personal Income

In 2020, SWT refinanced the outstanding capital lease balance of \$1,338,618 related to the Eden Prairie Garage expansion with a \$5.5 million garage facility lease purchase agreement, series 2020. SWT placed monies in an irrevocable trust to pay the remaining principal and interest payments on the outstanding lease through its call date on April 1, 2024. No debt issued in 2021

Source: SouthWest Transit financial records

Table 5

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SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Per Capita			
Year	Population	Personal Income	Personal Income	K-12 Enrollment	Une	mployment Rate
2013	110,769	*	*	15,354		4.5%
2014	111,928	*	*	14,814		4.5%
2015	112,518	*	*	14,711		2.9%
2016	114,577	*	*	14,150		3.1%
2017	114,857	*	*	14,610		3.2%
2018	117,436	*	*	14,311		2.5%
2019	118,271	*	*	14,586		2.5%
2020	118,588	*	*	14,528		3.8%
2021	118,279	*	*	14,234		2.5%
2022	118,279	*	*	14,234	(1)	2.5%

* Data is not available

Data Sources: Data Sources: Website from the Cities of Eden Prairie, Chanhassen and Chaska, Minnesota. Combined all three cities.

⁽¹⁾ 2022 data not available, using 2021 data (estimate)

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

Table 7

		2022				2013		
Employer #	Employees	(2) Rank	Percentage of Total Area Employment	(1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Area Employment	(1)
				-	1 5			
Optum, Inc.	3,312	1	17.0%		1,800	1	13.2%	
Eden Prairie Mall	2,329	2	12.0%		*	*	*	
Eden Prairie School District No. 272	2,329	3	12.0%		1,500	4	11.0%	
CH Robinson	2,200	4	11.3%		1,465	5	10.8%	
United Natural Foods, Inc.	2,000	5	10.3%		*	*	*	
Starkey Hearing Technologies	1,500	6	7.7%		1,440	6	10.6%	
Emerson Process/Rosemount Inc.	1,500	7	7.7%		1,666	2	12.3%	
Tennant Company	1,500	8	7.7%		*	*	*	
Lifetime Fitness	1,464	9	7.5%		*	*	*	
Chaska School District No. 112	1,346	10	6.9%		1,100	8	8.1%	
Super Valu Stores Inc.	*		*		1,519	3	11.2%	
Cigna	*		*		1,200	7	8.8%	
Dell Compellent	*		*		1,000	9	7.4%	
GE Capital	*		*	-	900	10	6.6%	
Total Principal Employees	19,480		100.0%	=	13,590		100.0%	

Note: 2022 estimated and includes the most recent information available from the three cities in the SWT service area.

Source: 2021 Annual Report of the member cities of Eden Prairie, Chanhassen and Chaska.

⁽¹⁾ Total for cities employment is not available, therefore the percentage represents the percentage of the top ten listed

⁽²⁾ Combined all three cities.

Denotes employer was not a principal employer for the year reported.

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Full-Time Equivalent SWT Employees By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
General government										
Administration	4	4	5	3	4	6	4	4	5	5
Marketing	-	-	-	1	1	1	3	1	1	2
Customer service	1	1	1	2	3	2	1	1	2	1
Operations and vehicle										
maintenance										
Operations	4	4	4	5	4	4	6	5	5	5
Vehicle maintenance	9	10	11	13	13	12	14	11	10	11
First transit service	64	77	84	87	82	82	84	43	47	69
Buildings and grounds facilities	3	3	2	2	3	5	5	9	9	13
Total	85	99	107	113	110	112	117	74	79	106

* Does not include Part-Time or Seasonal

Source: SouthWest Transit budget record

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	(1) 2022
System Ridership										
Fixed route	961,717	1,023,322	1,023,396	988,304	953,813	896,097	849,271	196,417	85,574	170,742
Special events	71,172	84,528	89,937	204,255	120,489	126,467	148,127	1,262	61,719	90,781
Demand response	-	-	12,490	53,531	74,531	102,511	108,801	51,999	62,667	111,539
Vehicle Revenue Hours										
Fixed route	38,597	48,593	49,591	47,151	43,766	37,659	33,059	12,575	11,742	16,918
Special events	1,222	1,363	1,681	2,349	2,297	2,889	2,883	36	1,795	2,130
Demand response	-	-	4,237	16,076	24,300	29,509	34,273	24,389	26,605	45,589
Vehicle Revenue Miles										
Fixed route	863,726	1,163,101	1,204,023	1,128,174	1,015,088	902,625	809,418	323,296	295,935	388,701
Special events	50,750	56,915	71,613	95,589	94,680	111,614	115,170	438	68,300	89,722
Demand response	-	-	68,492	256,719	376,594	493,507	579,573	388,890	577,083	1,098,047

(1) Due to COVID-19 Pandemic, SWT's ridership was significantly impacted with fixed routes, no special events declines over 80% and demand respone declines of more than 50%

Source: SouthWest Transit ridership data

Demand Response service started July 2015.

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function/Program										
Facilities										
Transit Park and Rides (Spaces)										
SWT capital assets	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859	2,859
SWT noncapital assets	285	285	255	655	655	655	655	-	-	-
Transit Passenger Stations										
SWT capital assets	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Transit buses										
SWT Capital Assets-DR PT**	-	-	1	1	1	3	10	10	9	15
SWT Noncapital Assets-MB PT*	61	65	74	74	68	64	64	64	68	67
SWT Noncapital Assets-DR PT**	-	-	-	11	13	13	14	13	13	14

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for general government function. Total capital assets are shown regardless of ownership to identify the entire operations.

National Transit Database (NTD) Bus Modes:

MB PT*- Motor Bus Purchase Transit DR PT**- Demand Response Purchase Transit

Source: SouthWest Transit facilities records

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SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Farebox Recovery Percentage and Fare Structure (Unaudited)

Table 11

Farebox Recovery Percentage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Percentage
2013	
2014	
2015	
2016	
2017	
2018	
2019	
2020	
2021	
2022	

*Due to COVID-19 Pandemic, SWT's farebox recovery is still significantly impacted.

Definition: Service revenues divided by operating expenditures.

Fare Structures as of December 31, 2022

Express Route – Motor Buses (MB)

Fares	**Peak Hours	Nonpeak Hours
Adults (ages 13 to 64)	\$3.25	\$2.50
Seniors (ages 65+), Youth (ages 6 to 12)	3.25	1.00
Persons with Disabilities	1.00	1.00
*Children (ages 5 and under)	Free	Free
***Disabled Veteran	Free	Free

SW Prime – Demand Response (DR)

Fares	**Peak Hours	Nonpeak Hours
Adults	\$5.00	\$5.00
Youth (ages 6 to 12)	5.00	5.00
*Children (ages 5 and under)	Free	Free
***Disable Veteran	Free	Free

*When accompanied by paying adult (limit 3)

**Peak Hours: Monday through Friday 6:00 a.m. 9:00 a.m. and 3:00-6:30 p.m.

***Disabled Veterans ride free by showing Veteran's Identification Card issued by the Department of Veterans Affairs with the word "Service Connected" or "SC" below the photo.

Note: Fares for Express and Local Routes service are set for the region by Metropolitan Council. Effective October 2017 fare rates have increased.

SouthWest Transit Eden Prairie, Minnesota Miscellaneous Statistics December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)

Date founded	1986
Date of incorporation	July 21, 1986
Form of government	Joint Powers by three Cities City of Eden Prairie City of Chanhassen City of Chaska
Service area	81 Square Miles
Population in service area	118,279
Type of tax support	Motor Vehicle Sales Tax
Sales tax rate	7.28%
Number of routes	5
Number of transfer stations	4
Number of Park & Ride Lots	4
Number of bus stops	249
Number of motor buses in peak service	20
Number of demand response buses in peak service	15
Average speed in miles per hour	21
Employees	
Full-time	33
Part-time and seasonal	5